

ONCOLOGY REQUISITION FORM

GENETIC ANALYSIS OF SOLID TUMORS

PATIENT IDENTIFICATION (Mandatory or label):	
Name:	
F <input type="checkbox"/> M <input type="checkbox"/>	Date of birth:
Identification Number:	
<i>GenoMed use only:</i>	label

REFERRING DOCTOR (Mandatory)
Name:
Hospital/Service:
Telephone:
Do you authorize the report to be sent by e-mail? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
If yes, please indicate the institucional e-mail address:

CLINICAL DATA AND DIAGNOSIS:

(describe therapy, if any)

Initial Diagnosis Relapse / Progressive Disease

Informed Consent (to be filled by referring doctor):

I hereby confirm that the patient has provided the written consent to the sample processing for diagnostics and/or scientific research purposes

Yes No

Pathology Service

Pathologist: _____ **Direct contact :** _____

Hospital: _____

Tumour Tissue – Specimen Details: We ask a pathology report where possible, for correctly interpret test results.

Sample Rejection: Decalcified specimens. Specimens with tumorous tissue

Exam nº: _____

Resection/Biopsy Date: _____

Any other relevant information :

(main contaminants, blood, necrosis or other)

FFPE

- Surgical resection
- Biopsy
- Fine Needle Biopsy
- cell-block

Other

- Liquid based Cytology (ThinPrep® or similar)
- Fresh Frozen Tissue

Sections (If tumor cell percentage is lower than 20-30% please use macrodissection to enrich the sample)

Macrodissection Yes No % **Neoplastic Cells^a** _____

Each test has a code that indicates the necessary thickness and quantity of sections (in multiple requests one tube per thickness is enough)

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---|
| (1) 6x20 µm | (4) 5x10 µm | (6) 10x10 µm |
| (2) 10x10 µm | (5) 5x5 µm | (normal tissue + tumour tissue in separate vials) |
| (3) 3x50 µm | | |

a – To proceed with CNVs analysis it is necessary the percentage of neoplastic cells in the sample

Liquid Biopsy (7) Please contact laboratory for instructions

EDTA Cell-free DNA collection Tube **Time of collection :** _____ **Date:** _____ **Technician:** _____

ONCOLOGY REQUISITION FORM

GENETIC ANALYSIS OF SOLID TUMORS

Available Tests by disease

Lung Cancer

Lung **Standard** by NGS (1)

Mutations (Hotspots): ALK; BRAF; EGFR; HER2; KRAS; MET

Fusion drivers: ALK; MET (skipping exão 14); NTRK1; NTRK2; NTRK3; ROS1; RET

CNVs^a: EGFR; HER2; KRAS; MET

34900

Lung **Extended** by NGS (1)

Mutations (Hotspots): AKT1; ALK; BRAF; DDR2; EGFR; FGFR2; FGFR3; HER2; HER3; HER4; KRAS; MAP2K1; MET; NRAS; PIK3CA; RET; ROS1

Fusion drivers: ALK; FGFR1; FGFR2; FGFR3; MET (skipping exão 14); NTRK1; NTRK2; NTRK3; ROS1; RET

CNVs^a: EGFR; FGFR1; HER2; KRAS; MET

34900

a – To proceed with CNVs analysis it is necessary the percentage of neoplastic cells in the sample

EGFR (exons 18 to 21) (2)

36063

BRAF (Val600) (2)

36314

KRAS (codons 12, 13 e 61) (2)

36058

ALK (2p23) rearrangements by FISH (3)

31710

ROS1 (6q22) rearrangements by FISH (3)

31710

MET (exon 14 skipping) (2)

34900

Resistance Mutation

p.Thr790Met in liquid biopsy (7)

34900

p.Thr790Met in tissue rebiopsy (4)

34900

Colorectal Cancer

RAS (KRAS/NRAS)/ BRAF (Val600) – tumour tissue (4)

34900

RAS (KRAS/NRAS)/ BRAF (Val600) – liquid biopsy (7)

34900

BRAF (Val600) - tumour tissue (2)

36314

MSI - Microsatellite Instability (6)

34650

Brain Cancer

BRAF (Val600) (2)

36314

H3F3A (K27M e G34R/V) (2)

34900

HIST1H3B (K27M) (2)

34900

IDH1 (exon 4) (2)

34900

IDH2 (exon 4) (2)

34900

TERT gene promoter mutations (C228T and C250T) (2)

34900

MGMT Promotor Methylation Detection (2)

36312

1p36 and **19q13** deletions by FISH (3)

2x31710

RELA (11q13) rearrangements by FISH (3)

31710

EGFR (7p12) amplification by FISH (3)

31710

PTEN (10q23.31) deletion by FISH (3)

31710

BRAF (7q34) rearrangements by FISH (3)
(BRAF-KIAA1549 fusion and variants)

31710

Melanoma

BRAF (Val600) (2)

36314

c-KIT (exon 11) (2)

34847

NRAS (codões 12, 13 e 61) (2)

34900

Tumores do Estroma Gastrointestinal (GIST)

c-KIT (exons 9 and 11) (2)

2x34847

c-KIT (exons 9, 11, 13, 14 and 17) (2)

5x34847

PDGFR α (exons 12, 14 and 18) (2)

34900

Available Tests

Her-2/neu amplification by FISH (3)

31710

MSI - Microsatellite Instability (6)

34650

PIK3CA in tumour (5)

34900

BRCA1 e **BRCA2** by NGS – tumour tissue (2)

34900

Biomarkers panel for Solid Tumors by NGS (1)

34900

Mutations (Hotspots - 35 genes): AKT1; ALK; AR; BRAF; CDK4; CTNNB1; DDR2; EGFR; ERBB2 (HER2); ERBB3 (HER3); ERBB4 (HER4); ESR1; FGFR2; FGFR3; GNA11; GNAQ; HRAS; IDH1; IDH2; JAK1; JAK2; JAK3; KIT; KRAS; MAP2K1 (MEK1); MAP2K2 (MEK2); MET; MTOR; NRAS; PDGFRA; PIK3CA; RAF1; RET; ROS1; SMO

CNVs^a (19 genes): AKT1; ALK; AR; BRAF; CCND1; CDK4; CDK6; EGFR; ERBB2 (HER2); FGFR1; FGFR2; FGFR3; FGFR4; KIT; KRAS; MET; MYC; MYCN; PDGFRA; PIK3CA

Fusion drivers (23 genes): ABL1; AKT3; ALK; AXL; BRAF; EGFR; ERBB2 (HER2); ERG; ETV1; ETV4; ETV5; FGFR1; FGFR2; FGFR3; MET; NTRK1; NTRK2; NTRK3; PDGFRA; PPARG; RAF1; RET; ROS1

a – To proceed with CNVs analysis it is necessary the percentage of neoplastic cells in the sample

Signature of Referring Doctor: _____

Date: ____ / ____ / ____

Contact Persons: Dra. Ana Carla Sousa (assousa@medicina.ulisboa.pt) / Dra. Sónia Santos (soniasantos@medicina.ulisboa.pt) Ext. 47301

IMP 72.32

Pág. 2/2